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Poster Communication Abstract - 7.10

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS BETWEEN ARABIDOPSIS THALIANA AND THE METAL HYPERACCUMULATOR ARABIDOPSIS HALLERI IDENTIFIES MICRO-RNA ASSOCIATED WITH NUTRIENT HOMEOSTASIS, DEVELOPMENT AND STRESS RESPONSE

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metal hyperaccumulation, miRNA, nutrition, Zn homeostasis

miRNAs have been found to be key players in mineral homeostasis, both in the control

of nutrient balance and in the response to toxic trace elements. However, the

effect of Zn excess on miRNAs has not been elucidated; moreover, no data are present

regarding miRNAs in hyperaccumulator species, where metal homeostasis is

tightly regulated. Therefore, expression levels of mature miRNAs were measured by

RNA-Seq in Zn-sensitive *Arabidopsis thaliana* grown in control conditions and upon

high Zn, in soil and in Zn-hyperaccumulator *Arabidopsis halleri* grown in control conditions.

Differential expression of notable miRNAs and their targets was confirmed by

real-time RT-PCR. The comparison in *A. thaliana* revealed a small subset modulated

upon Zn treatment that is associated with stress response and nutrient homeostasis.

On the other hand, a more consistent group of miRNAs was differentially expressed

in *A. halleri* compared with *A. thaliana*, reflecting inherent differences in nutritional

requirements and response to stresses and plant growth and development. Overall,

these results confirm the involvement of miRNAs in Zn homeostasis and support the

hypothesis of distinct regulatory pathways in hyperaccumulator species.